

CHAMINADE UNIVERSITY

PSY 436: Cross-Cultural Psychology

Online

Fall Term – August 21 – December 8, 2023

Instructor: Dale R. Fryxell, Ph.D.

Office: 111 Brogan Hall

Office Hours: By Appointment

Telephone: 808-739-4678 (o)

Email: dfryxell@chaminade.edu

Text: Matsumoto, D. & Juang, L. (2017). Culture and psychology (6th ed.). Belmont: CA: Thomson Higher Education (ISBN #9781305648951)

Catalog Course Description

This course will provide an overview of the field of cross-cultural psychology and examine theories of psychology as they apply to different cultures. The student will examine how cross-cultural research in psychology has affected our understanding of traditional truths and psychological principles about human behavior, the limitations of this knowledge, and our current understanding of human behaviors in terms of their universal or culture-specific nature.

Program Linking Statement

This course develops and assesses the skills and competencies for the Psychology program student learning outcomes I.) Students will identify key concepts, principles, and overarching themes in psychology; and IV.) Students will exhibit the value of educating the whole person through the description and explanation of the dynamic nature between one's mind, body, and social influences.

Course Description

This course will provide an overview of the field of cross-cultural psychology. Through active participation and the use of discussion, videos, lectures, activities, student presentations, and reading students will have the opportunity to fully explore this exciting field of psychology.

The goal of this course is to learn how psychological problems and conditions vary across the different cultures of the world. The purpose of this comparative approach to psychology is to emphasize that the Western view of psychology should not necessarily be taken as the norm. Theories developed in North America and Europe do not necessarily apply to the entire world's populations, even though we tend to assume that

they do. By the end of the course you should be able to appreciate a variety of psychological processes and be able to view critically theories of psychology which claim to be universal in scope. You should be able to discuss both the psychological similarities and the differences of various cultures around the world.

Student Learning Outcomes

Students completing this course will:

1. use scientific methodology for answering questions concerning how culture influences human behavior.
2. describe the concepts of ethnocentrism, stereotypes, and prejudice.
3. explain the major concepts, research findings, and theories that represent the scientific perspective of how culture influences human development.
4. explain the major concepts, research findings, and theories that represent the scientific perspective of how culture influences gender roles.
5. identify our notions of the assessment and treatment of abnormal behavior.
6. describe how culture influences the development of personality.
7. explain cultural influences on social behavior.
8. identify ethical issues relevant to understanding cross-cultural psychology.
9. explain major concepts, research findings, and theories regarding cross-cultural psychology.
10. describe how the Five Marianist Educational Values are integrated into the course.

Course Requirements

Grades for the course will be assigned based on the quality of student work as demonstrated by successful completion of the following requirements:

A. Exercises (15 @ 10 pts each)	=	150 points
B. Quizzes (15 @ 10)	=	150 points
C. Discussions (5 @ 5 pts.)	=	25 points
C. Final Integrative Paper (1 @ 100 pts)	=	<u>100 points</u>
Total Points	=	425

A. Exercises (15 @ 10 points each = 150 points)

Fifteen exercises will be posted on the Canvas website during the semester. Each of the activities will be worth a maximum of 10 points. Assignments should be posted in the dropbox by Sunday evening of the week that they are assigned. See the scoring rubric at the end of the syllabus. No late assignments will be accepted!

B. Quizzes (15 @ 10 = 150)

A quiz for each of the fifteen chapters will be posted on the Canvas website. The quizzes do not have a time limit but should be taken by Sunday night of the week that they are assigned.

C. Discussions (5 @ 5 = 25)

Five class discussion questions will be posted. Sometime between Monday and Thursday each week, you should respond to the question. Then, sometime between Friday and Sunday, you should go back and read all of the submissions and respond to at least three of your classmate's posts. It is expected that each student's posts for each week will be approximately one page in length. The following guidelines should be used to actively and intelligently participate in the class discussions (adopted from <http://www.rasmussen.edu/student-life/blogs/college-life/tips-for-writing-thoughtful-discussion-responses//Links to an external site.>

- Ask open-ended questions to promote discussion. Open-ended questions require individuals to write more than a simple one- or two-word answer. Open-ended questions require the use of critical thinking skills and allow individuals to reflect on their thoughts and feelings about a particular topic.
- Don't be afraid to disagree. It is okay to disagree with what someone has to say or play the "devil's advocate." However, when you choose to disagree, remember to do so respectfully. Everyone is entitled to their own opinion and it is okay for you to offer your own interpretation.
- Give reasons for your opinion. It is important to provide reasons for your thoughts and feelings about the topic. You may even choose to make a personal connection or share a personal experience with your classmates. Applying class information to real-world situations is a great way to demonstrate that you truly understand what you are learning.
- Think outside the box. Online discussions can get boring when everyone's posts begin to sound the same. Don't be afraid to propose a new idea or ask a probing question to generate conversation.
- Include outside resources. It is often helpful to include outside resources in your responses. Share an article or a website that is relevant to the topic of discussion. Introducing new, relevant ideas from resources, other than the provided class materials, can help take learning to the next level.

D. Final Integrative Paper (100 points)

Each student will write a 5 page paper incorporating what they feel are the most important things that they have learned in this class and how it has impacted their own thinking about culture and psychology. Links should be made to how the information

relates to your future personal and professional life. Your paper should be written in APA format (APA formatting tutorial: <http://www.apastyle.org/learn/tutorials/basics-tutorial.aspx>Links to an external site.)

Citations and References

Any assignments that includes cited research should include a Reference page, listing your full source/references. Examples of references in APA format:

- Please cite a source every time you copy a phrase, quote, or paraphrase someone else's words. If you use someone's words verbatim, you will have to use quotation marks and in parenthesis note the author's last name, year of publication, and the page from which you took the quote.
- Example of how to cite a direct quote: "Past research has indicated that "becoming parents heightens couples' awareness of their identity intersections and they turn towards mutually supporting each other" (Iwamoto, 2020, p. 121).
- If you paraphrase or just report on what you've read of someone's publication, use the parentheses but omit the page number.
- Always use the (Author, Year) format. Please refer to APA formatting requirements in the Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association, 6th edition. The Purdue website can also be helpful: <https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/560/01/>

Grading

Unless otherwise indicated, all assignments for each week are due by 11:59 pm on Sunday night of the week that they are assigned. *No late assignments will be accepted or graded.* Final grades will be based on the quality of work and will be assigned based on a straight percentage basis using the following chart:

90%	-	100%	A
80%	-	89%	B
70%	-	79%	C
60%	-	69%	D
59% or below			F

Attendance

Students are expected to attend regularly all courses for which they are registered. Students should notify their instructor when illness prevents them from attending class and make arrangements to complete missed assignments. Notification may be done by calling the instructor's campus extension or the Psychology program office (735-4751 or 739-8393). It is the instructor's prerogative to modify deadlines of course requirements accordingly. Any student who stops attending a course will receive a failing grade.

Unexcused absences equivalent to more than three days of classes may lead to a grade reduction for the course. Any absence exceeding three days or more must be reported to the Associate Provost and the Records Office by the instructor.

Federal regulations require continued attendance for continuing payment of financial aid. If attendance is not continuous, financial aid may be terminated. When illness or personal reasons necessitate continued absence, the student should officially withdraw from all affected courses. Anyone who stops attending a course without official withdrawal may receive a failing grade.

Academic Honesty

Academic honesty is an essential aspect of all learning, scholarship, and research. It is one of the values regarded most highly by academic communities throughout the world. Violations of the principle of academic honesty are extremely serious and will not be tolerated.

Students are responsible for promoting academic honesty at Chaminade by not participating in any act of dishonesty and by reporting any incidence of academic dishonesty to an instructor or to a University official. Academic dishonesty may include theft of records or examinations, alteration of grades, and plagiarism.

Questions of academic dishonesty in a particular class are first reviewed by the instructor, who must make a report with recommendations to the Dean of the Academic Division. Punishment for academic dishonesty will be determined by the instructor and the Dean of the Academic Division and may range from an 'F' grade for the work in question to an 'F' for the course to suspension or dismissal from the University.

Students with Disabilities

If you need individual accommodations to meet course outcomes because of a documented disability, please speak with me to discuss your needs as soon as possible so that we can ensure your full participation in class and fair assessment of your work. Students with special needs who meet criteria for the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) provisions must provide written documentation of the need for accommodations from Kōkua 'Ike: Center for Student Learning by the end of week three of the class, in order for instructors to plan accordingly. If a student would like to determine if they meet the criteria for accommodations, they should contact the Kōkua 'Ike Coordinator at (808) 739-8305 for further information (ada@chaminade.edu).

Title IX Statement

Chaminade University of Honolulu (CUH) recognizes the inherent dignity of all individuals and promotes respect for all people. Sexual misconduct, physical and/or psychological abuse will NOT be tolerated at CUH. If you have been the victim of sexual misconduct, physical and/or psychological abuse, we encourage you to report this matter promptly. As a faculty member, I am interested in promoting a safe and healthy environment, and should I learn of any sexual misconduct, physical and/or psychological abuse, I must report the matter to the Title IX Coordinator. Should you want to speak to a confidential source you may contact the following:

- Chaminade Counseling Center| 808 735-4845.
- Any priest serving as a sacramental confessor or any ordained religious leader serving in the sacred confidence role.

Scientific Method Definitions

The **METHODS OF SCIENCE** are only tools, tools that we use to obtain knowledge about phenomena.

The **SCIENTIFIC METHOD** is a set of assumptions and rules about collecting and evaluating data. The explicitly stated assumptions and rules enable a standard, systematic method of investigation that is designed to reduce bias as much as possible. Central to the scientific method is the collection of data, which allows investigators to put their ideas to an empirical test, outside of or apart from their personal biases. In essence, stripped of all its glamour, scientific inquiry is nothing more **THAN A WAY OF LIMITING FALSE CONCLUSIONS ABOUT NATURAL EVENTS.**

Knowledge of which the credibility of a profession is based must be objective and verifiable (testable) rather than subjective and untestable.

SCIENCE is a mode of controlled inquiry to develop an objective, effective, and credible way of knowing.

The assumptions one makes regarding the basic qualities of human nature (that is, cognitive, affective, behavioral, and physiological processes) affect how one conceptualizes human behavior.

The two basic functions of scientific approach are 1) advance knowledge, to make discoveries, and to learn facts in order to improve some aspect of the world, and 2) to establish relations among events, develop theories, and this helps professionals to make predictions of future events.

Research Design in Counseling

Heppner, Kivlighan, and Wampold

A **THEORY** is a large body of interconnected propositions about how some portion of the world operates; a **HYPOTHESIS** is a smaller body of propositions. **HYPOTHESES** are smaller versions of theories. Some are derived or born from theories. Others begin as researchers' hunches and develop into theories.

The **PHILOSOPHY OF SCIENCE** decrees we can only falsify, not verify (prove), theories because we can never be sure that any given theory provides the best explanation for a set of observations.

Relations

Research Method In Social

Kidder

THEORIES are not themselves directly proved or disproved by research. Even **HYPOTHESES** cannot be proved or disproved directly. Rather, research may either support or fail to support a particular hypothesis derived from a theory.

Scientific research has four general goals: (1) to describe behavior, (2) to predict behavior, (3) to determine the causes of behavior, and (4) to understand or explain behavior.

Methods In Behavioral Research;

Cozby

In order to verify the reliability and validity of scientific research it is important to replicate the results. It is the preponderance of evidence that establishes/supports the theory.

<http://allpsych.com/researchmethods/replication.html>Links to an external site.

Marianist Educational Values

Chaminade University is a Catholic, Marianist University. The five characteristics of a Marianist education are:

Educate for Formation in Faith

Catholic Universities affirm an intricate relationship between reason and faith. As important as discursive and logical formulations and critical thinking are, they are not able to capture all that can be and ought to be learned. Intellectual rigor coupled with respectful humility provide a more profound preparation for both career and life. Intellectual rigor characterizes the pursuit of all that can be learned. Respectful humility reminds people of faith that they need to learn from those who are of other faiths and cultures, as well as from those who may have no religious faith at all.

Provide an Excellent Education

In the Marianist approach to education, “excellence” includes the whole person, not just the technician or rhetorician. Marianist universities educate whole persons, developing their physical, psychological, intellectual, moral, spiritual and social qualities. Faculty and students attend to fundamental moral attitudes, develop their personal talents and acquire skills that will help them learn all their lives. The Marianist approach to education links theory and practice, liberal and professional education. Our age has been deeply shaped by science and technology. Most recently, information and educational technologies have changed the way faculty and students research and

teach. At Marianist Universities, two goals are pursued simultaneously: an appropriate use of information technology for learning, and the enhancement of interaction between students and teachers. As Catholic, Marianist Universities seek to embrace diverse peoples and understand diverse cultures, convinced that ultimately, when such people come together, one of the highest purposes of education is realized: a human community that respects every individual within it.

Educate in Family Spirit

Known for their strong sense of community, Marianists have traditionally spoken of this sense as “family spirit.” Marianist educational experience fosters the development of a community characterized by a sense of family spirit that accepts each person with loving respect, and draws everyone in the university into the challenge of community building. Family spirit also enables Marianist universities to challenge their students, faculty and staff to excellence and maturity, because the acceptance and love of a community gives its members the courage to risk failure and the joy of sharing success.

Educate for Service, Justice, and Peace

The Marianist approach to higher education is deeply committed to the common good. The intellectual life itself is undertaken as a form of service in the interest of justice and peace, and the university curriculum is designed to connect the classroom with the wider world. In addition, Marianist universities extend a special concern for the poor and marginalized and promote the dignity, rights and responsibilities of all people.

Educate for Adaptation to Change

In the midst of rapid social and technological change, Marianist universities readily adapt and change their methods and structures so that the wisdom of their educational philosophy and spirituality may be transmitted even more fully. “New times call for new methods,” Father Chaminade often repeated. The Marianist university faces the future confidently, on the one hand knowing that it draws on a rich educational philosophy, and on the other fully aware for that philosophy to remain vibrant in changing times, adaptations need to be made.

Selected from *Characteristics of Marianist Universities: A Resource Paper*, Published in 1999 by Chaminade University of Honolulu, St. Mary’s University and University of Dayton

Each of these characteristics is integrated, to varying degrees, in this course however, the main focus is on the Marianist value of educating for adaptation and

change. Psychology, by its nature, looks at how people adapt and change depending on the environment and circumstances that they are in. Cross cultural psychology looks at the impacts of culture on human behavior and helps us to understand how people are able to adapt and change as cultures change and the world becomes more of a global community.

Native Hawaiian Values

Education is an integral value in both Marianist and Native Hawaiian culture. Both recognize the transformative effect of a well-rounded, value-centered education on society, particularly in seeking justice for the marginalized, the forgotten, and the oppressed, always with an eye toward God (Ke Akua). This is reflected in the 'Ōlelo No'eau (Hawaiian proverbs) and Marianist core beliefs:

1. Educate for Formation in Faith (Mana) E ola au i ke akua ('Ōlelo No'eau 364) May I live by God
2. Provide an Integral, Quality Education (Na'auao) Lawe i ka ma'alea a kū'ono'ono ('Ōlelo No'eau 1957) Acquire skill and make it deep
3. Educate in Family Spirit ('Ohana) 'Ike aku, 'ike mai, kōkua aku kōkua mai; pela iho la ka nohana 'ohana ('Ōlelo No'eau 1200) Recognize others, be recognized, help others, be helped; such is a family relationship
4. Educate for Service, Justice and Peace (Aloha) Ka lama kū o ka no'eau ('Ōlelo No'eau 1430) Education is the standing torch of wisdom
5. Educate for Adaptation and Change (Aina) 'A'ohe pau ka 'ike i ka hālau ho'okahi ('Ōlelo No'eau 203) All knowledge is not taught in the same school

Academic Conduct Policy

From the 2018-2019 Undergraduate Academic Catalog (p. 42):

Any community must have a set of rules and standards of conduct by which it operates. At Chaminade, these standards are outlined so as to reflect both the Catholic, Marianist values of the institution and to honor and respect students as responsible adults. All alleged violations of the community standards are handled through an established student conduct process, outlined in the Student Handbook, and operated within the guidelines set to honor both students' rights and campus values.

Students should conduct themselves in a manner that reflects the ideals of the University. This includes knowing and respecting the intent of rules, regulations, and/or policies presented in the Student Handbook, and realizing that students are subject to the University's jurisdiction from the time of their admission until their enrollment has been formally terminated. Please refer to the Student Handbook for more details. A copy of the Student Handbook is available on the Chaminade website.

For further information, please refer to the Student Handbook: <https://studentaffairs.chaminade.edu/wp-content/uploads/sites/28/2018-19-NEW-STUDENT-HANDBOOK.pdf> (Links to an external site.)Links to an external site.

Credit Hour Policy

This is a three-credit hour course requiring a minimum of 135 clock hours of student engagement, per the official CUH Credit Hour Policy. Students enrolled in this course are anticipated to spend 30 hours completing course exercises, 30 hours studying for and taking the chapter quizzes, 5 hours participating in class discussions, and 3 hours writing the Final Integrative Paper. There will be an additional 67 hours of work required beyond what is described here including reading the course materials, averaging 4.19 hours each week.

The unit of semester credit is defined as university-level credit that is awarded for the completion of coursework. One credit hour reflects the amount of work represented in the intended learning outcomes and verified by evidence of student achievement for those learning outcomes. Each credit hour earned at Chaminade University should result in 45 hours of engagement. This equates to one hour of classroom or direct faculty instruction and a minimum of two hours of out-of-class student work each week for approximately fifteen weeks for one semester, 10 week term, or equivalent amount of work over a different amount of time. Direct instructor engagement and out-of-class work result in total student engagement time of 45 hours for one credit.

The minimum 45 hours of engagement per credit hour can be satisfied in fully online, internship, or other specialized courses through several means, including (a) regular online instruction or interaction with the faculty member and fellow students and (b) academic engagement through extensive reading, research, online discussion, online quizzes or exams; instruction, collaborative group work, internships, laboratory work, practica, studio work, and preparation of papers, presentations, or other forms of assessment. This policy is in accordance with federal regulations and regional accrediting agencies.

Course Schedule (Please follow the calendar below regarding which assignments and activities should be completed each week. Assignments for each week are due by Sunday night of that week at midnight. For each chapter there is a PowerPoint presentation which you should review. I generally suggest that you review it before reading the chapter so you have an idea of what is covered in the chapter. The Powerpoints can be found in the "Files" tab.)

Week 1 - August 21

Read Chapter 1: An Introduction to Culture and Psychology

Complete Exercise 1

Take Chapter 1 Quiz

Participate in Discussion 1

Week 2 – August 28

Read Chapter 2 Cross-Cultural Research Methods

Complete Exercise 2

Take Chapter 2 Quiz

Week 3- September 4

Read Chapter 3: Enculturation

Complete Exercise 3

Take Chapter 3 Quiz

Participate in Discussion 2

Week 4- September 11

Read Chapter 4: Culture and Development

Complete Exercise 4

Take Chapter 4 Quiz

Week 5- September 18

Read Chapter 5: Culture, Self, and Identity

Complete Exercise 5

Take Chapter 5 Quiz

Participate in Discussion 3

Week 6- September 25

Read Chapter 6: Culture and Personality

Complete Exercise 6

Take Chapter 6 Quiz

Week 7- October 2

Read Chapter 7: Culture and Gender

Complete Exercise 7

Take Chapter 7 Quiz

Participate in Discussion 4

Week 8- October 9

Read Chapter 8: Culture and Cognition

Complete Exercise 8

Take Chapter 8 Quiz

Week 9- October 16

Read Chapter 9: Culture and Emotion

Complete Exercise 9

Take Chapter 9 Quiz

Participate in Discussion 5

Week 10- October 23

Read Chapter 10: Culture and Language

Complete Exercise 10

Take Chapter 10 Quiz

Week 11 – October 30

Read Chapter 11: Culture and Physical Health

Complete Exercise 11

Take Chapter 11 Quiz

Week 12 – November 6

Read Chapter 12: Culture and Psychological Disorders

Complete Exercise 12

Take Chapter 12 Quiz

Week 13 – November 13

Read Chapter 13: Culture and Psychological Treatment

Complete Exercise 13

Take Chapter 13 Quiz

Week 14 – November 20

Read Chapter 14: Culture and Social Behavior

Complete Exercise 14

Take Chapter 14 Quiz

Week 15 – November 27

Read Chapter 15: Culture and Organizations

Complete Exercise 15

Take Chapter 15 Quiz

Week 16 – December 4

Submit Final Integrative Paper by December 7

Exercise Assessment Rubric

Activity # _____

Performance Area	Rating = 4	Rating = 3	Rating = 2	Rating = 1	Score
Structure	Written work has clear and appropriate beginning, development and	Written work has adequate beginning, development and conclusion. Parag	Written work has weak beginning, development and conclusion. Parag raphing and	Organizational structure and paragraph	

conclusion. Paragraphing and transitions are also adequate. Paragraphing and transitions are also deficient. Paragraphing and transitions are also adequate. Paragraphing and transitions are also deficient. Paragraphing and transitions are also adequate. Paragraphing and transitions are also deficient.

Content

The length of the written work provides in-depth coverage of the topic, and assertions are clearly supported by evidence.

The length of the written work is sufficient to cover the topic, and assertions are supported by evidence.

Written work does not do an adequate job of covering the assigned topic, and assertions are weakly supported by evidence.

Written work does not cover the assigned topic, and assertions are not supported by evidence. (this category will be multiplied by 2)

Mechanics

Written work has no major errors in word selection and use, sentence structure, spelling, punctuation, and capitalization.

Written work is relatively free of errors in word selection and use, sentence structure, spelling, punctuation, and capitalization.

Written work has several major errors in word selection and use, sentence structure, spelling, punctuation, and capitalization.

Written work has serious and persistent errors in word selection and use, sentence structure, spelling, punctuation, and capitalization.

Total

Average Score = Total/4

times 2.5

Total Score = Average score 0 /1