

CJ 490: Capstone Seminar in Criminal Justice

Instructor: Joe Allen

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Individualized Study

Office: Behavioral Sciences #109

Office Hours: By appt. (easy, just e-mail to set up)

Course Prerequisites: CJ Major, CJ/PSY enrollment, 95 credits completed.

CATALOG COURSE DESCRIPTION:

Students will complete an array of assignments that integrate contemporary knowledge and understanding of criminal justice agencies with coursework completed in the major. As an integral part of the capstone experience, students will complete an exit assessment instrument.

PROGRAM LINKING STATEMENT:

This is a criminal justice capstone course. As an integral part of the capstone experience students will complete an exit assessment instrument.

STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of this course, the student will have a demonstrable understanding of:

1. Contemporary criminal justice agencies and their histories, operations, and goals.
2. The interrelationships between criminal justice agencies.
3. Contemporary issues affecting the operations and goals of criminal justice agencies.
4. Crime trends and the impacts on various criminal justice agency mechanics.
5. Researching and presenting materials related to criminal justice agencies.

ASSESSMENT:

- **Interview of Criminal Justice Professional.** Student will interview a professional in the criminal justice field. The specific questions to be asked of agency personnel will be discussed and constructed. Upon completion of the interview, the student will prepare a summary of responses in a paper.
- **Criminal Justice Policy Issue Profile: Outline.** Student will prepare a PowerPoint presentation/outline of a selected criminal justice policy issue. Student is expected to (1) research their assigned policy, (2) prepare a PowerPoint presentation of their research, and (3) provide an outline for a presentation on their research. Specifics of this assignment will be discussed.
- **Survey of CJ Curriculum Content.** Student will go through the CJ courses that they have taken at CUH to-date. For each course, they will prepare a summary of content that they have retained along with other various selected items to be discussed later. Student will prepare an outline of his/her findings.
- **CJ Resume Assignment.** Student will construct, research, and prepare a resume appropriate for application toward a criminal justice agency position. Drafts and proper formatting are required for this assignment.
- **Final Exam/Exit Assessment.** Upon completion of the course, student will complete an exit assessment. This instrument will ask the student questions from CJ courses that they have taken during their tenure at CUH.
- **Special Topic Paper.** Student will prepare a contemporary research position paper on a selected criminal justice policy issue and how it relates to criminal justice agencies on both macro- and micro-levels. This 12-15 page paper focuses on the history and development of the policy, the

goals and mission of the policy, agencies and resources required, and an overview of how the policy (and possible change) would impact criminal justice agencies on both the macro- and micro-levels.

- **Individual Assignments.** Throughout the term, other individual assignments will be required. These assignments will revolve around contemporary issues in criminal justice.

GRADING SYSTEM:

The student’s course items will be graded on a curve, based on the highest score received on exams, participation, and attendance for the regularly scheduled on-ground course for the term. For this curve, a standardized grading system will be used:

- A = 93-100% (of highest point total received)
- B = 84-92%
- C = 75-83%
- D = 66-74%
- F = 65% and below

POINT DISTRIBUTION & SCORING SYSTEM:

Activity/Assignment	% of Final Grade
Interview of CJ Professional	15%
Policy Issue Profile: Outline & Presentation	15%
Survey of CJ Curriculum Content	15%
CJ Resume Assignment	10%
Final Exam/Exit Assessment	10%
Special Topic Paper	20%
Attendance/Participation	15%
	100%

As a policy, the curve for this class will not exceed a straight 90-80-70-60 curve. For example, if a student scores 100% on an exam, the curve will revert downward to a standard 90-80 . . . etc. curve. It will not be 93%/84%, etc. Based on overall class performance, the instructor will adjust the curve accordingly if anomalies occur.

STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES:

Chaminade will provide assistance for any student with documented disabilities. Any student who believes he/she may need accommodations in this class must contact **Dr. June Yasuhara, 735-4845**, at the Counseling Center (office next to Security) in order to determine if the student meets the requirements for documented disability in accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act. It is important to contact them as soon as possible so that accommodations are implemented in a timely fashion.

TERMS OF COURSE REQUIREMENTS:

1. *Late assignments/projects will be discounted an initial 30% and 10% per day after the due date. All late assignments must be turned in within 1 week, otherwise loss of **all** credit will occur.*
2. *Exams and Quizzes are to be taken on the days that they are administered. Exceptions are to be granted only in extenuating circumstance, otherwise loss of all credit will occur. If you are given the opportunity to take an exam after given in class, you will be given a different exam which may be more comprehensive than the initial one given.*
3. *I have an open-door approach when it comes to helping students understand the material and do well in the course. If you would like to meet with me, visit me during my office hours or call/e-mail me to set up an appointment for an alternative time if those hours don't work for you. **DON'T HESITATE** to talk to, call, or e-mail me!*
4. Any instances of academic dishonesty will result in an "FD" (failure for dishonesty) grade for the course and will be subject to the policies and procedures for the college. If you are at all unclear about what constitutes academic dishonesty, refer to catalogued materials.
5. *As a policy, opportunities for extra credit **WILL NOT** be available. All students begin the course with perfect scores, and will have every opportunity to maintain this score.*
6. The instructor reserves the right to change the schedule of the syllabus when deemed necessary.

About the Instructor:

Dr. Allen is a full-time faculty member, Assistant Professor, in the C&CJ Department. He is an advisor to CJ majors and oversees the CJ Club; additionally, he is the program's internship/ volunteership coordinator and programmatic assessment lead. His usual repertoire of courses includes criminology, juvenile delinquency, behavioral sciences statistics, seminar in criminal justice agencies, and sex crimes. He has been a full-time faculty member in the Department since 2004 and began teaching at Chaminade in a part-time capacity in 1994. He has also taught courses in Sociology at the University of Hawaii and Hawaii Pacific University. Before joining the Department in a full-time capacity, he worked with the Corrections Population Management Commission (thru the Department of Public Safety), Department of the Attorney General, and the Social Science Research Institute (University of Hawaii). Throughout the years, he has been involved in various research and evaluation projects, including the topics of: probation and parole recidivism, sentencing simulation modeling and policy analysis, juvenile delinquency and youth gangs, community crime prevention, restorative justice, domestic violence and anger management, substance abuse treatment, ecstasy, prostitution, runaway and missing children, uniform crime reporting, victimization surveys, and crime trends and law enforcement/correctional policy analysis. Dr. Allen received his Ph.D. from the Sociology Department at the University of Hawaii with an emphasis in Criminology. Before transferring to the University of Hawaii he attended the University of Minnesota. He is originally from Minnesota but has called Hawaii 'home' since 1990.

MARIANIST EDUCATIONAL VALUES

The five characteristics of a Marianist Education are:

1. Educate for Formation in Faith

Catholic Universities affirm an intricate relationship between reason and faith. As important as discursive and logical formulations and critical thinking are, they are not able to capture all that can be and ought to be learned. Intellectual rigor coupled with respectful humility provides a more profound preparation for both career and life. Intellectual rigor characterizes the pursuit of all that can be learned. Respectful humility reminds people of faith that they need to learn from those who are of other faiths and cultures, as well as from those who may have no religious faith at all.

2. Provide an Excellent Education

In the Marianist approach to education, “excellence” includes the whole person, not just the technician or rhetorician. Marianist universities educate whole persons, developing their physical, psychological, intellectual, moral, spiritual and social qualities. Faculty and students attend to fundamental moral attitudes, develop their personal talents and acquire skills that will help them learn all their lives. The Marianist approach to education links theory and practice, liberal and professional education. Our age has been deeply shaped by science and technology. Most recently, information and educational technologies have changed the way faculty and students research and teach. At Marianist Universities, two goals are pursued simultaneously: an appropriate use of information technology for learning, and the enhancement of interaction between students and teachers. As Catholic, Marianist Universities seek to embrace diverse peoples and understand diverse cultures, convinced that ultimately, when such people come together, one of the highest purposes of education is realized: a human community that respects every individual within it.

3. Educate in Family Spirit

Known for their strong sense of community, Marianists have traditionally spoken of this sense as “family spirit.” Marianist educational experience fosters the development of a community characterized by a sense of family spirit that accepts each person with loving respect, and draws everyone in the university into the challenge of community building. Family spirit also enables Marianist universities to challenge their students, faculty and staff to excellence and maturity, because the acceptance and love of a community gives its members the courage to risk failure and the joy of sharing success.

4. Educate for Service, Justice, and Peace

The Marianist approach to higher education is deeply committed to the common good. The intellectual life itself is undertaken as a form of service in the interest of justice and peace, and the university curriculum is designed to connect the classroom with the wider world. In addition, Marianist universities extend a special concern for the poor and marginalized and promote the dignity, rights and responsibilities of all people.

5. Educate for Adaptation to Change

In the midst of rapid social and technological change, Marianist universities readily adapt and change their methods and structures so that the wisdom of their educational philosophy and spirituality may be transmitted even more fully. “New times call for new methods,” Father Chaminade often repeated. The Marianist university faces the future confidently, on the one hand knowing that it draws on a rich educational philosophy, and on the other fully aware for that philosophy to remain vibrant in changing times, adaptations need to be made.

Selected from *Characteristics of Marianist Universities: A Resource Paper*, Published in 1999 by Chaminade University of Honolulu, St. Mary's University and University of Dayton

Each of these characteristics is integrated, to varying degrees, in this course.

SCIENTIFIC METHOD DEFINITIONS

The **METHODS OF SCIENCE** are only tools, tools that we use to obtain knowledge about phenomena.

The **SCIENTIFIC METHOD** is a set of assumptions and rules about collecting and evaluating data. The explicitly stated assumptions and rules enable a standard, systematic method of investigation that is designed to reduce bias as much as possible. Central to the scientific method is the collection of data, which allows investigators to put their ideas to an empirical test, outside of or apart from their personal biases. In essence, stripped of all its glamour, scientific inquiry is nothing more **THAN A WAY OF LIMITING FALSE CONCLUSIONS ABOUT NATURAL EVENTS.**

Knowledge of which the credibility of a profession is based must be objective and verifiable (testable) rather than subjective and untestable.

SCIENCE is a mode of controlled inquiry to develop an objective, effective, and credible way of knowing.

The assumptions one makes regarding the basic qualities of human nature (that is, cognitive, affective, behavioral, and physiological processes) affect how one conceptualizes human behavior.

The two basic functions of scientific approach are 1) advance knowledge, to make discoveries, and to learn facts in order to improve some aspect of the world, and 2) to establish relations among events, develop theories, and this helps professionals to make predictions of future events.

Research Design in Counseling
Heppner, Kivlighan, and Wampold

A **THEORY** is a large body of interconnected propositions about how some portion of the world operates; a **HYPOTHESIS** is a smaller body of propositions. **HYPOTHESES** are smaller versions of theories. Some are derived or born from theories. Others begin as researchers' hunches and develop into theories.

The **PHILOSOPHY OF SCIENCE** decrees we can only falsify, not verify (prove), theories because we can never be sure that any given theory provides the best explanation for a set of observations.

Research Method in Social Relations
Kidder

THEORIES are not themselves directly proved or disproved by research. Even **HYPOTHESES** cannot be proved or disproved directly. Rather, research may either support or fail to support a particular hypothesis derived from a theory.

Scientific research has four general goals: (1) to describe behavior, (2) to predict behavior, (3) to determine the causes of behavior, and (4) to understand or explain behavior.

Methods In Behavioral Research; Cozby

In order to verify the reliability and validity of scientific research it is important to replicate the results. It is the preponderance of evidence that establishes/supports the theory.

<http://allpsych.com/researchmethods/replication.html>

COURSE SCHEDULE**CJ 490**

Week	General Topic
1	Course Introduction
2	Agency Profile Research & Discussion
3	CJ Professional Interview Discussion & Survey Research
4	CJ Professional Interview Research & Discussion
5	Policy Profile Presentation DUE
6	Final Paper Discussion
7	Final Paper Discussion Discussion of CJ Curriculum Content Assignment
8	Survey of CJ Curriculum Content Research & Discussion
9	Survey of CJ Curriculum Content DUE
10	Resume Research & Discussion
11	Resume DUE
12	Resume Discussion
13	Final Paper Research & Discussion
14	Final Paper Research & Discussion
15	Final Paper Research & Discussion

******EXIT ASSESSMENT: TO BE COMPLETED DURING TERM FINALS WEEK******